

Borough of Telford and Wrekin

Cabinet

10 July 2024

2024/25 Financial Monitoring Report

Cabinet Member: Cllr Zona Hannington - Cabinet Member: Finance and

Governance

Lead Director: Michelle Brockway - Interim Director: Finance, People and

IDT

Service Area: Finance, People and IDT

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Wards Affected: All Wards

Key Decision: Key Decision

Forward Plan: Yes – 10 June 2024

Report considered by: SMT – 18 June 2024

Business Briefing – 27 June 2024

Cabinet - 10 July 2024

1.0 Recommendations for Decision/Noting

It is recommended that Cabinet:

- 1.1 Notes the 2024/25 revenue budget position;
- 1.2 Notes the position in relation to capital spend; and recommends that Full Council approve the changes to the capital programme detailed in Appendix C and all associated changes to the Medium Term Financial Strategy, including Treasury and Prudential Indicators
- 1.3 Notes the collection rates for NNDR, council tax and sales ledger.

1.4 Notes the current position in relation to Treasury & Prudential Indicators

2.0 Purpose of Report

2.1 To provide Cabinet with the latest financial monitoring position for the year relating to: the revenue budget, capital programme and income collection.

3.0 Background

- 3.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) 2024/25 to 2027/28 was approved at Full Council on 29 February 2024, which included the 2024/25 revenue budget and medium term capital programme. Since the MTFS was approved, the economic climate has continued to be challenging with costs pressures being experienced, particularly in relation to the provision of Adult Social Care.
- 3.2 Good financial management is an essential element of good governance and long-term service planning which are critical to ensuring that local service provision is sustainable and the use of resources is maximised in order to meet the needs of our residents.
- 3.3 Financial management is the responsibility of budget holders and is supported by Finance staff using a risk based approach: more focus is given to higher risk areas (high value/more volatile); less frequent financial monitoring is undertaken on budgets deemed to be medium to lower risk. Financial monitoring provides Cabinet and Senior Management Team with a focussed view on the Council's financial performance, to inform and support decision making and to ensure financial sustainability.
- 3.4 This Financial Monitoring Report for 2024/25 provides the latest projections in relation to the projected outturn position i.e. how projected net revenue spend compares to the budget set for the year; progress against the approved 2024/25 capital programme; the key issues to be highlighted; together with a summary of collection information in relation to Council Tax, Business Rates and Sales Ledger income.
- 3.5 The funding outlook for the medium term remains very uncertain and will clearly continue to be challenging. It is still early in the year and projections will continue to be refined with updates provided in future financial monitoring reports.
- 3.6 There is a statutory duty for local authorities to set a balanced and robust budget each financial year and to take timely action to address financial pressures. It is our aim to continue to deliver quality services whilst ensuring a balanced budget.

4.0 Summary of main proposals

4.1.1 Nationally, Councils continue to face extreme challenges with unprecedented pressures driven by high costs and high demand for services – particularly Adult Social Care, Children's Safeguarding and School Travel Assistance. The Local Government Association (LGA) published a Local Government White Paper in June 2024 which states "There has never been a more difficult time for local government".

Their analysis shows that Councils in England face a funding gap in excess of over £6bn in the next 2 years due to cost and demand pressures and this "means a chasm will continue to grow between what people and their communities need and want from their councils and what councils can deliver". The LGA White Paper is calling for a significant and sustained increase in funding in the next Spending Review and urges the next government to commission a major review of public service reform.

- 4.1.2 Telford & Wrekin Council echoes the LGA's views. Councils need multi-year and timely finance settlements and clarity over financial reforms to enable future planning and informed decision making. Local Government has a vital role in delivering services to our communities and local government funding will be a key issue for a new Government.
- 4.1.3 While inflation is expected to reduce in the medium term, current indicators show that the economy will be slower to recover than was expected when the Council's budget was set. In May 2024 CPI was 2.0%, an indication that price increases are slowing down and the first time it has hit the central bank's target in 3 years. The Bank of England held Base rate at 5.25% in June with cuts now predicted later in the year than was anticipated when the Council's budget was set.
- 4.1.4 Given these factors, early monitoring for 2024/25 indicates a number of variations from the approved budget, notably relating to Adult Social Care where in order to meet the needs of the most vulnerable residents, additional investment is required.
- 4.1.5 Before application of remaining contingencies included in the revenue budget, the projected outturn position is currently expected to be over budget by £3.554m at year end. Making use of the specific earmarked Social Care contingency and an element of the General budget contingency will bring the overall position within budget at year end.
- 4.1.6 The Council has an excellent track record of strong financial management and Cabinet Members and budget holders will continue their work to manage budgets as effectively as possible during 2024/25 to address in-year financial pressures.
- 4.1.7 It is early in the financial year and projections will continue to be refined and updates brought to Cabinet in future financial monitoring reports. While extremely challenging our aim is to continue to deliver quality services to the residents of the borough and protect critical front-line services.

4.1.8 A summary of the current projection for the year end position is:-

	£m
Net Revenue Budget	157.296
Projected Net Revenue Outturn	160.850
Projected Variance	+ 3.554
Use of One off Contingency (earmarked for Social Care Pressures)	-1.959
Use of General Budget Contingency	-1.595
Projected Year End Variance	0.000

4.1.9 There are a number of variations from the approved budget, detailed in Section 5. The key variance is Adult Social Care (ASC), with £4.3m additional investment currently being required relating to the cost of providing care packages across all client groups. This includes the impact of market price increases, more complex needs, higher demand and longer periods of care being required; all of which are being analysed by the Service with the aim of refining projections and managing spend. This is after additional net investment of £5.9m (which is after savings of £7.7m have been reflected) into ASC in 2024/25 as part of the Medium Term Financial Strategy.

4.2 Capital

The capital programme totals £150.4m for 2024/25 which includes all approvals since the budget was set. Schemes are in progress and at the time of compiling this report spend is projected to be 84% of the programme at year end which indicates there will be re-phasing into 2025/26 to complete projects.

4.3 Corporate Income Collection

Income collected in relation Business Rates and Council Tax are within the targets set while Sales Ledger is currently outside the target set. Ultimately, all debt will be pursued and will continue to be collected after the end of the financial year with all appropriate recovery avenues being pursued.

5.0 Additional Information

5.1 The overall 2024/25 monitoring position against the budget is summarised in the table below:

	£m	Total Current Variation £m
Finance & HR	16.788	(0.075)
Policy & Governance	1.041	(0.025)
Adult Social Care	68.046	4.300
Children's Safeguarding & Family Support	49.697	0.158
Education & Skills*	13.538	0.000
Health & Wellbeing	1.896	0.197
		(0.000)
Neighbourhood & Enforcement Services	33.289	(0.063)
Communities, Customer & Commercial Services	2.604	(0.117)
Housing, Employment & Infrastructure	1.917	(0.027)
Corporate Communications	0.000	0.000
Prosperity & Investment	(7.897)	0.000
O a vers all MC da	(23.623)	(0.794)
Council Wide	,	` ,
*Excludes DSG – see 5.2.2 below.	157.296	3.554

5.2.1 Projected variances over £0.250m are highlighted below, all other variances over £50k are detailed in Appendix B.

Service Area	Variance £m
Adult Social Care	
Longer Term Care Purchasing – projected expenditure relating to block and spot contracts. Additional investment is required due to the continued increase in demand since the budget was set and the impact of increases in market rates. The service continues to work on delivering care which maximises prevention and independence where possible.	+3.769
Prevention & Independence – Older People & Disability – income from reimbursed direct payments	-0.279
My Options – Adults & Childrens Services – pressure from delay in delivery of savings from change in provision at Lakewood Court and staffing savings to be delivered.	+0.319

Service Area	Variance £m
Prevention & Enablement – demand for reablement services and services to facilitate discharge from hospital continue to be high and a pressure is very likely in 2024/25. Regular discussions with Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin ICB are being held to determine the funding strategy for 2024/25 which may result in a share of the pressure falling on Telford & Wrekin Council. No variance is included at present pending the outcome of discussions; the position will be updated in future financial monitoring reports.	
Children's Safeguarding & Family Support	
Children in Care, Leaving Care Team & Speciality Services, Family Solutions:	
Children In Care Placements – additional investment was allocated in the 2024/25 budget process and costs are currently projected to be within budget. The Council's new provision for supported accommodation, Octavia Court, is expected to have a positive impact on placement costs as it opens to full capacity during the year.	-0.388
Health Funding – anticipated health contributions in relation to health needs	-0.418
Children with Disabilities – the impact of increased need for care continuing the trend seen in 2023/24.	+0.375
Operational Expenditure – anticipated overspend relates to S 17 costs (for children in need), costs for children and young people with no recourse to public funds, taxi costs and interpreter costs.	+0.377
Fostering Adoption & Permanence:	
Operational expenditure – costs associated with maintaining fostering placements, such as travel, child minding and advertising.	+0.267
Family Safeguarding:	
Operational expenditure –relating to costs which generally increase in line with complexity of children's needs and care planning.	+0.475
Staffing -savings due to vacant posts.	-0.336

Service Area	Variance £m
Safeguarding, Management & Partnerships:	
Operational expenditure – includes expenditure relating to Impower support	+0.524
Income – mainly capitalisation of Impower spend (above)	-0.854
Customer, Communities & Commercial Services	
Housing Benefit Subsidy – includes anticipated caseload reduction due to migration to Universal Credit (DWP) and reduced recovery of overpayments.	+0.363
Use of One off Funding – to cover the Housing Benefit Subsidy overspend.	-0.363
<u>Council Wide</u> – including WME dividend which is projected to be higher than budgeted; additional retained rates inflation and other corporate underspends.	-0.794

5.2.2 Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)

Dedicated Schools Grant sits within Education & Skills and is monitored separately to the Council's General Fund position shown in Section 5.1. Excluding funds passed to academies and colleges, Dedicated Schools Grant totals £133.4m in 2024/25. During 2023/24 DSG was overspent and a deficit of £1.82m was carried forward to 2024/25. The deficit was due to budget pressures relating to High Needs provision and there is no indication it will reduce in 2024/25. This is a national issue with most upper tier Council's showing a DSG deficit by the end of 2022/23.

The way in which local authorities account for DSG deficits changed in 2020. DSG deficits are now required to be held in a separate reserve in local authorities' accounts which is disregarded from the measure of local authority reserves. These regulations apply up to and including the accounts for 2025 to 2026.

There is likely to be continued pressure in 2024/25 and a cost improvement plan is being developed to address the situation. The Council has a positive relationship with schools and other providers which will assist the Council to manage the budget as effectively as possible and ensure we meet our responsibilities to young people.

The position is being closely monitored and updates will be included in future financial monitoring reports.

5.3 CONTINGENCIES, RESERVES & BALANCES

5.3.1 The 2024/25 budget includes a general revenue contingency of £3.950m which is set aside to meet any unforeseen expenditure or income shortfalls during the year

and a one-off contingency of £1.959m set aside specifically for Social Care pressures.

The current projected position would require use of all of the one-off contingency earmarked for Social Care and a proportion of the general contingency leaving £2.355m contingency balance for the remainder of the year (see table in 4.1.8).

- 5.3.2 There is also a contingency amount held centrally for contractual and pay inflation. Any remaining balance will be applied to support the overall position at year end. It should be noted that the pay award for 2024/25 is still in the process of being negotiated; if it is higher than the allowance set aside this will be an additional in year pressure.
- 5.3.3 The Budget Strategy Reserve remains at £21.7m.

5.4 CAPITAL

5.4.1 **2024/25 Capital Programme**

The capital programme totals £150.4m. The financial position is shown in the table below which shows projected spend is currently below budget indicating that some re-phasing into future years is anticipated.

Service Area	Approved Budget	Spend	% Spend	Year End
	£m	£m		£m
Prosperity & Investment	97.88	6.46	6.60%	76.92
Policy & Governance	0.06	0.00	0.00%	0.06
Education & Skills	23.61	0.67	2.84%	23.27
Adult Social Care	0.11	0.00	0.00%	0.08
Neighbourhood & Enforcement Services	13.12	0.52	3.96%	13.12
Ctties, Customer & Commercial Services	6.09	1.19	19.54%	5.66
Housing, Employment & Infrastructure	8.44	0.86	10.19%	6.68
Finance & Human Resources	0.10	0.00	0.00%	0.10
Corporate Items	1.01	0.00	0.00%	0.00
Total	150.42	9.70	6.4%	125.89

- 5.4.2 The 2024/25 capital programme relies on £4.6m of net capital receipts as part of its funding. Capital receipts included in the medium term budget strategy are kept under continual review and any changes will be reflected in future budget projections but are currently projected to be on target.
- 5.4.3 New allocations, slippage and virements are included in Appendix C for approval.
- 5.4.4 Full Council approved Prudential and Treasury Indicators on 29 February 2024. Appendix D shows the Treasury and Prudential Indicator monitoring as at end May 2024.

6.0 CORPORATE INCOME MONITORING

- 6.1 The Council's budget includes significant income streams which are regularly monitored to ensure they are on track to achieve targets that have been set and so that remedial action can be taken at a very early stage. The three main areas are Council Tax, NNDR (business rates) and Sales Ledger. Current monitoring information relating to these is provided below. The Council pursues outstanding debt vigorously, until all possible recovery avenues have been exhausted, but also prudently provides for bad debts in its accounts.
- 6.2 In summary, council tax and NNDR collection are within targets set while sales ledger collection is outside target.

INCOME COLLECTION – MAY 2024			
	Actual	Target	Performance
Council Tax Collection	18.97%	18.95%	0.02% ahead of target
NNDR Collection	24.25%	24.04%	0.21% ahead of target
Sales Ledger	7.21%	5.25%	1.96% outside target
Outstanding Debt			

6.3 **Council Tax (£117.9m)**

The percentage of the current year liability for council tax which the authority should have received during the year, as a percentage of annual collectable debit. The measure does not take account of debt that continues to be pursued and collected after the end of the financial year in which it became due. The final collection figure for all financial years exceeds 99%.

Year End performance 2023/24	97.31%
Year End Target for 2024/25	97.31%

Performance is cumulative during the year and expressed against the complete year's debit.

Month End Target	Month End Actual	Last year Actual
18.95%	18.97%	18.95%

Collection rates are slightly ahead of target.

6.4 NNDR-Business Rates (£82.0m)

The % of business rates for 2024/25 that should have been collected during the year. This target, as for council tax, ignores our continuing collection of earlier years' liabilities.

The measure does not take into account the debt that continues to be pursued and collected after the end of the financial year in which it became due. As a general rule the final collection figure for any financial year exceeds 99%.

Year End performance 2023/24 97.37% Year End Target for 2024/25 98.00%

Month End Target	Month End Actual	Last year Actual
24.04%	24.25%	23.41%

Collection rates are slightly ahead of target, and ahead of performance last year.

6.5 **Sales Ledger (£97.1m)**

This includes general debt and Social Care debt. Debt below 2 months is classified as a normal credit period.

The target percent is set relating cumulative debt outstanding from all years to the current annual debit. The targets and performance of income collection for 2024/25 are as follows:

Age of	Annual	May 2	2024
debt	Target %	£m	%
Total	5.25	7.001	7.21

Sales ledger performance is outside of target, with the largest balance outstanding for the NHS.

7.0 Alternative Options

7.1 Budget holders will investigate a number of options to seek to deliver required service outcomes from within budgeted resources. Options to deliver savings and additional income have been explored.

8.0 Key Risks

8.1 Budget holders actively manage their budgets and the many financial risks and challenges that council services face, examples include the risk of a particularly harsh winter which would impact adversely on the winter gritting and adult social care budgets, the increasing dependency on income from a wide range of activities and the risk of interest rate movements and further inflationary pressures, the risk of changes in legislative or accounting requirements impacting on budgets etc. The Council has comprehensive risk management arrangements in place, which are reviewed and updated by the Senior Management Team.

9.0 Council Priorities

9.1 Delivery of all Council priorities depends on the effective use of available resources. Regular financial monitoring in the financial management reports helps to highlight variations from plan so that action can be taken to effectively manage the Council's budget.

10.0 Financial Implications

10.1 The financial impacts are detailed throughout the report.

11.0 Legal and HR Implications

- 11.1 There are no direct legal implications arising from this report. The S151 Officer has a statutory duty to monitor income and expenditure and ensure that the Council takes action if overall net overspends /shortfalls emerge.
- 11.2 Legal services will provide ongoing advice in relation to specific proposals relating to the making of savings, including on any requirement to undertake consultation as such proposals are brought forward for consideration.

12.0 Ward Implications

12.1 There are no impacts on specific wards

13.0 Health, Social and Economic Implications

13.1 There are no Health, Social and Economic Implications directly arising from this report.

14.0 Equality and Diversity Implications

14.1 There are no Equality & Diversity implications directly arising from this report. Proportionate impact assessments are carried out and a range of consultation mechanisms are used where appropriate.

15.0 Climate Change and Environmental Implications

15.1 There are no Climate Change and Environmental Implications directly arising from this report.

16.0 Background Papers

1 Medium Term Financial Strategy 2024/25 to 2027/28 Council 29/02/2024

17.0 Appendices

Appendix A	Summary of 2024/25 Projected Variations
Appendix B	2024/25 Revenue Variations over £50,000
Appendix C	Capital Approvals

2024/25 Financial Monitoring Report

18.0 Report Sign Off

Signed off by	Date sent	Date signed off	Initials
Director	12/06/2024	12/06/2024	MLB
Finance	12/06/2024	12/06/2024	PH
Legal	12/06/2024	12/06/2024	SH